

X-FIRES 1000 - WIDESCREEN Designer Flueless Fires INSTALLATION & USERS INSTRUCTIONS

X-FIRE 1000

Product Codes XF-1000L - 1000 Limestone model XF-1000G - 1000 Granite model XF-1000M - 1000 Mirror model XF-1000L LPG - 1000 Limestone model LPG XF-1000G LPG - 1000 Granite model LPG XF-1000M LPG - 1000 Mirror model LPG

X-FIRE Widescreen

Product Codes XF-WSL - Widescreen Limestone model XF-WSG - Widescreen Granite model XF-WSM - Widescreen Mirror model XF-WSL LPG - Widescreen Limestone model LPG XF-WSG LPG - Widescreen Granite model LPG XF-WSM LPG - Widescreen Mirror model LPG

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Revision G - 03/12

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Country(s) of destination : GB, IE

Product Identification No. 86/CM/061













1000 Limestone

1000 Travertine









Widescreen Mirror

1000 Mirror

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INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

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1.0 IMPORTANT NOTES

This appliance is a high efficiency, flueless catalytic flame effect gas fire. It provides radiant and convected warmth both efficiently and safely utilising the latest type catalytic converter and burner technology. The appliance does not require a flue system of any type as the catalytic converter cleans the flue products to provide a complete combustion system, which is intrinsically safe. It is designed to operate on Natural Gas or Propane and is factory set for operation on the gas type, and at the pressure stated on the appliance data plate.

The appliance incorporates a combustion monitoring system (Oxygen Depletion System). It must not be adjusted or put out of operation. If replaced then manufacturer's original parts must be used.

It is the LAW that all gas appliances and fittings are installed by a competent person and in accordance with the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998, the relevant British Standards for Installation, Codes of Practice and the Manufacturers' Instructions.

At the time of writing, GAS SAFE registered operatives are the only class of person considered as 'competent' by the HSE under the above regulations. The installation shall also be carried out in accordance with the following:

- Manufacturers' Instructions.
- The Building Regulations issued by the Department for Communities and Local Government, the Building Standards (Scotland) (Consolidation) Regulations issued by the Scottish Development Department.
- Relevant British standards insofar as the relevant areas are not covered by these instructions.
- For Republic of Ireland, reference should be made to the current edition of IS813 (the relevant standards governing installation).

Failure to comply with the above could lead to prosecution and deem the manufacturer's warranty invalid.

This appliance must be installed in accordance with the rules in force and used only in a sufficiently ventilated space. The appliance is designed to fit various types of situations as described in sections 3.0 and 4.0. The appliance must be installed in a correctly sized room (see section 3.1), and the correct purpose provided ventilation must be provided (see section 4.1).

It should be noted that heaters create warm air currents. These currents move heat to wall surfaces next to the heater. Installing the heater next to vinyl or cloth wall

coverings or operating the heater where impurities in the air (such as tobacco smoke, candle smoke etc.) exist, may cause the walls to become discoloured.

This appliance is intended as a secondary source of heat only and should not be used in a room without some form of background heating present. If the appliance is used in a room as the sole source of heat, then condensation may occur on colder surfaces within the room.

On no account should the appliance inlet or outlet openings be blocked or obstructed in any way (see figure 1).

On first light up of a new appliance, initial curing of high temperature paint and burning off of lubricants may occur for the first few hours of operation. During this period some smoke may be emitted from the outlet grille, this should be no cause for concern. Accordingly, the room should be well ventilated with all windows and doors open during this period. During this period the appliance may cause smoke alarms to sound. If this happens, reset the alarms, but do not remove the batteries.



Consult ALL instructions before installation and use of this appliance. This appliance is free from any asbestos material.

2.0

APPLIANCE DATA

)0 Natural gas) Natural Gas CAT I2H mbar (± 2.0mbar)	1000 LPG G31 Propane CAT I3P 37 mbar (+ 2 0mbar)	Widescreen Natural gas G20 Natural Gas CAT I2H	Widescreen LPG G31 Propane CAT I3P
) Natural Gas CAT I2H mbar (± 2.0mbar)	G31 Propane CAT I3P 37 mbar (+ 2 0mbar)	G20 Natural Gas CAT I2H	G31 Propane CAT I3P
mbar (± 2.0mbar)	37 mbar (+ 2 0mbar)		
		20 mbar (± 2.0mbar)	37 mbar (± 2.0mbar)
	24.5 mbar	N/A	24.5 mbar
kW	2.2 kW	3.5 kW	3.0 kW
5 kW	2.0 kW	3.15 kW	2.75 kW
3 m ³ /h	0.085 m ³ /h	0.34 m ³ /h	0.115 m ³ /h
kW	1.5 kW	2.0 kW	2.0 kW
5 kW	1.38 kW	1.8 kW	1.85 kW
W	166 W	166 W	166 W
W	152 W	150 W	152 W
3 mm	0.86 mm	1.35 mm	1.03 mm
	1.30 mm (single)	N/A	1.30 mm (single)
/Bray 9082	Seagas P5-19	SIT/Bray 9115/9082	Seagas P5-22
reci 21400	Copreci 21400	Copreci 21400	Copreci 21400
n	8mm	8mm	8mm
ıble piezo spark	Double piezo spark	Double piezo spark	Double piezo spark
- 4.5mm	3.5 - 4.5mm	3.5 - 4.5mm	3.5 - 4.5mm
	kW kW m ³ /h kW kW W W W Bray 9082 reci 21400 n ble piezo spark - 4.5mm	37 mbar (± 2.0mbar) 24.5 mbar 24.5 mbar 24.5 mbar kW 2.2 kW kW 2.0 kW m ³ /h 0.085 m ³ /h kW 1.5 kW kW 1.38 kW W 166 W W 152 W mm 0.86 mm 1.30 mm (single) Bray 9082 Seagas P5-19 reci 21400 Copreci 21400 n 8mm ble piezo spark Double piezo spark 4.5mm 3.5 - 4.5mm	100 ar (± 2.0mbar) 3.7 mbar (± 2.0mbar) 20 mbar (± 2.0mbar) 24.5 mbar N/A 24.5 mbar N/A kW 2.2 kW 3.5 kW kW 2.0 kW 3.15 kW m ³ /h 0.085 m ³ /h 0.34 m ³ /h kW 1.5 kW 2.0 kW kW 1.5 kW 2.0 kW kW 1.38 kW 1.8 kW W 166 W 166 W W 166 W 150 W mm 0.86 mm 1.35 mm 1.30 mm (single) N/A Bray 9082 Seagas P5-19 SIT/Bray 9115/9082 reci 21400 Copreci 21400 Copreci 21400 n 8mm 8mm ole piezo spark Double piezo spark Double piezo spark 4.5mm 3.5 - 4.5mm 3.5 - 4.5mm

Please see Data label affixed to appliance for current data.

This appliance is for use only with the gas type, and at the pressure stated on the appliance Data label.

3.0 INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

This appliance may be installed with or without a hearth. If a hearth is fitted, the size and design may be as desired. If the appliance is to be sited near a disused natural draught flue it is recommended that the old flue should be partially sealed off to prevent draughts, however some ventilation will be required to prevent condensation. The appliance is designed to be wall mounted. It is possible to install the appliance onto certain types of combustible materials - see section entitled 'Clearances to combustible materials'. Propane/LPG models must not be installed in cellars, basements or any room which is completely below ground level. In the event that the fire is sited near a disused or unserviceable fireplace served by a natural draught flue, any existing under grate draught device should be sealed off to prevent loss of heat or creation of draughts. The passageway into the flue should be partially sealed to prevent excessive draughts, however some ventilation will be required in the old flue to prevent condensation and dampness. Advice should be sought from your local building control officer.

3.1 ROOM SIZING

X-Fire 1000 models : The room size should be a minimum of $30m^3$ (e.g. $11'6'' \times 11'6'' \times 8'$) to allow adequate circulation of air and ensure the correct operation of the fire.

X-Fire Widescreen models : The room size should be a minimum of $40m^3$ (e.g. $13'4'' \times 13'4'' \times 8'$) to allow adequate circulation of air and ensure the correct operation of the fire.

This volume may include adjacent spaces but these spaces must not be separated by a door. To calculate a room size in cubic metres (m^3) divide the room volume in cubic feet (ft^3) by 35.3.

4.0 SITE REQUIREMENTS

This appliance is designed to be wall-hung. Do not recess any part of the appliance into the wall.

This appliance may be installed in any room in the home except bathrooms. If the appliance is to be fitted in a bedroom then an electronic carbon monoxide detector complying with the current edition of BSEN 50291 must be installed in the same room as the appliance. For maximum safety it is recommended that such device is continuously (mains) powered and arranged in such a way that the gas supply to the appliance is isolated in the event of an alarm. The selection and installation of such device shall be in accordance with the current edition of BSEN 50292, and the user must be briefed regarding the use and maintenance of such a device.

Installation in living rooms is common, however other rooms such as kitchens, dining rooms and hallways are permitted, providing a suitable natural gas supply is available, and rooms sizing and ventilation requirements are strictly adhered to (see section 4.1).

The appliance is designed to be versatile, and as such will operate correctly when exposed to normal gentle draughts experienced within the home. It is not recommended, however that the appliance be

4.0 | SITE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

installed in areas where it is likely to be exposed to persistent strong draughts, that may be generated by outside doors or windows, air vents etc. The appliance **must not** be installed within 1 metre of any air vent.

Clearances to non-combustibles

Non combustible surfaces are defined as brick, metal, marble, concrete etc. and also a number of manmade materials impervious to flame. If in doubt refer to the material manufacturer for further information before proceeding with installation.

Clearances to the sides of the appliance are 50mm (2in). Clearance to the front of the appliance is 500mm (20in).

The back of the appliance may be installed directly onto a non-combustible wall, providing the area behind the appliance is flat and does not interfere with the various vent holes in the back panel of the appliance.

The appliance may be installed with or without a non combustible hearth. If a hearth is fitted, the size and design may be as desired.

A non combustible shelf of any depth may be positioned above the appliance provided it is no closer than 400mm (16 in) from the top of the appliance glass panel and the wall above the appliance is non combustible.

Clearances to combustible materials

Combustible materials are defined as wood, fabrics, or other materials likely to combust if exposed to flame. Generally, any material, which is likely to discolour, melt or misshape when exposed to moderate heat, should be considered as a combustible material or surface.

Clearance to the sides of the appliance are 100mm (4in) but curtains, drapes and other fabrics are not permitted within a distance of 500mm (20in) of the appliance sides. No such materials are permitted directly above the appliance regardless of distance.

The minimum clearance to the ceiling above the appliance is 800mm (31.5in) measured from the top of the appliance glass panel.

Combustible materials should not be positioned directly in front of the appliance within a distance of one metre.

Under no circumstances should any electrical equipment e.g. plasma screen/LCD TV sets etc. be positioned on the wall above the appliance. The appliance is designed to be wall mounted alone and not in conjunction with any type of combustible fire surround. No combustible shelves should be positioned on the wall above the appliance. It should be established that any mirrors or picture frames etc. to be positioned on the wall above the appliance are able to withstand prolonged exposure to moderate heat and moisture before proceeding with their installation.

The back of the appliance may be installed directly onto a combustible wall, providing it is relatively flat and does not interfere with the various vent holes in the back panel of the appliance. The wall must be structurally sound and constructed from a material capable of withstanding moderate heat. Finished plaster, conventional wall paper and dry-lined plasterboard are examples of suitable materials. Materials such as flock, blown vinyl and embossed paper which are sensitive to even small amounts of heat should be avoided as scorching and or discolouration may occur over time.

If the appliance is to be mounted on a dry lined wall or a timber framed construction wall then the integrity and ability of the wall to carry the weight of the appliance must be confirmed. It is important in these circumstances that any vapour control barrier is not damaged, and that any structural members of the house frame are not damaged.

The appliance may be positioned as close to a solid floor (i.e. stone, wooden laminate etc.) as the particular design of fireframe permits, however it is not permitted to install the appliance within 100mm (4in) of carpet, rugs or fabric materials of any kind. This dimension is measured vertically to the bottom of the appliance frame.

4.1 VENTILATION

If the room in which the appliance is installed is naturally ventilated, a minimum of 100 cm2 purpose provided ventilation MUST be provided for this appliance. This may be achieved either with one vent 100 cm2 at a high or low position in the room, or split ventilation i.e. 50cm2 be installed at high level and 50cm2 be installed at low level within the room. An openable window or equivalent is also required.

To reduce the possibility of draughts, road noise or insects entering the room via the air vent, we recommend the use an air vent of the type that feature internal baffles.

Ventilation fitted under, or within immediate vicinity of the appliance must not be used as it may adversely affect performance of the ODS system. The appliance shall not be installed within one metre of any existing air vent, and any new air vent shall not be installed within one metre of the appliance.

If the room in which the appliance is to be installed is served by heat recovery ventilation (HRV) or energy recovery ventilation (ERV) then no purpose provided ventilation is required but a room air change rate of at least one air change per hour is required for this appliance. The appliance MUST be interlocked with the ventilation system such that it is only possible to operate the appliance if the ventilation system is in operation.

In all cases, the requirements of any other gas, oil or solid fuel appliances operating in the same room or space must be taken into consideration when assessing ventilation. Any ventilation fitted must comply (where applicable) with BS 5871 part 4 and BS 5440 part 2.

For Republic of Ireland refer to the current edition of IS813 and any relevant rules in force.

5.0 UNPACKING THE APPLIANCE

Remove the straps and the top lid of the outer packaging, remove any instructions or fixing kits.

Read ALL these instructions before continuing to unpack or install this appliance.

Lift off the remaining packaging components.

Check that the components supplied correlate with the component checklist. Please dispose of all the packaging materials at your local recycling centre.

5.1 COMPONENT CHECKLIST OUANTITY DESCRIPTION

AI		DESCRIPTION
	1	X-Fire 1000 models : Firebox, burner assembly and outer case (wrap)
	1	X-Fire Widescreen models : Firebox, burner assembly and wall plate
	1	Set of manufacturers instructions
	1	Decorative frame assembly
	1	Screw and wall plug pack
	1	Rubber grommet

6.0 GAS SUPPLY ROUTES

There are multiple possible entry points for the gas supply pipework to enter the appliance firebox (see figure 2). These entry points are 'knock out' type holes.

Non-concealed gas connections may be made using the entry points at either end of the firebox or the one in the bottom of the firebox. A concealed gas connection may be made using the knock out hole in the centre back of the firebox. Widescreens have entry provision avoiding the need for knock-out. Select the most appropriate entry point and knock out the relevant holes in both the firebox and the outer casing.

No more than 1.5m of 8mm diameter pipe must be used to avoid unnecessary pressure drops.

If a concealed gas connection is to be made, the supply pipe should always be sleeved through walls and floors using the shortest possible route.

For concealed supply pipe routing, pipes must (where possible) be vertical and providing there is sufficient wall thickness available, they should be placed in pipe chases. Horizontal pipe runs should be avoided. Prior to chasing a solid wall, an inspection should be made to note the proximity of any cables/sockets outlets which may already be buried. Pipes must be secured using suitable clips and protected against corrosion. Ideally factory finished protected pipework and fittings should be used. Joints should be kept to a minimum and compression fittings must not be used. The pipework installation must be tested for soundness before any protection is applied and/or the pipework and fittings are buried.

If the appliance is to be mounted on the inner leaf of a conventional cavity wall, or a solid wall, drill the required number of holes using a 8.0mm masonry bit to a depth of 42mm. Insert the wall plugs as required.

If the appliance is to be mounted on a dry lined wall or a timber framed construction wall then special cavity screw fixings will be required which are not supplied with this product. These should be constructed from metal and not plastic.

If a concealed gas connection is to be made ensure the gas supply pipe is in it's final position and can enter the appliance in the correct position when the appliance is hung on the wall.



7.0 | PREPARING THE APPLIANCE

X-FIRE 1000 models

1. Firstly remove the glass panel from the appliance by removing the four M6 retaining screws. Remove the two retaining screws on each side of the upper grille and remove the grille from the outer casing.

2. Remove the two retaining wing nuts from the retaining studs that protrude into the lower part of the main firebox as shown in figure 3.

The control knob is located on the lower right hand side of the outer casing, and is mounted in an indicator bracket, which has a metallic indication 'pip'. Both the knob and the indicator bracket should be removed as follows;

3. Remove the retaining pin from the gas valve spindle and withdraw the control knob and the spindle extension from the right hand side of the appliance.

4. Remove the four retaining screws and the indicator bracket. The firebox may now be detached from the outer casing.

X-FIRE Widescreen models

1. Remove the wall mounting plate from the back of the appliance firebox by removing the two retaining wing nuts from the retaining studs that protrude into the lower part of the main firebox.

7.1 FIXING THE APPLIANCE It is recommended that the burner

It is recommended that the burner height, where possible, should be between 1.0 and 1.2 metres from the floor. This will give the best viewing position. After selecting the final mounting position of the appliance, taking into account the site requirements as specified in section 4 of these instructions, the integrity of the wall, and the feasibility of the proposed supply pipe rout-



ing, the firebox of the appliance may be secured to the wall.

Due to the weight of the front facia, it is possible to fix the outer casing to the wall in up to nine (X-Fire 1000 models), or fifteen (X-Fire widescreen models) positions, depending on the strength/condition of the wall. **If in doubt always use extra fixings!** Use a spirit level to ensure that the outer casing is level at all times during installation.

If the appliance is to be mounted on the inner leaf of a conventional cavity wall, or a solid wall, drill four holes using a 8mm masonry bit, to a depth of 42mm. Insert the wall plugs provided. If the appliance is to be mounted on a dry lined wall or a timber framed construction wall then special cavity screw fixings will be required which are not supplied with this product. These should be constructed from metal and not plastic.

Insert the screws into two of the upper holes, leaving 5mm protruding from the wall. Temporarily hang the outer casing on the wall, and mark any additional fixing points as required. If the appliance is to be fitted to a lightly coloured wall, it is advantageous to paint this wall area with black or dark paint in the vicinity of the lower rectangular slots on the outer casing. This will mask the wall when viewed from the front of the appliance. Ensure paint is fully dry before mounting the appliance. Use the outer casing as a template to mark this area on the wall. Remove the outer casing from the wall and drill holes for the additional fixing points as required. Insert either wall plugs or cavity screw fixings as required. Re-position the outer casing on the wall and using a spirit level to check the casing is square and level, tighten all of the fixing screws fully.

With the outer casing fixed to the wall, the main firebox can be secured in position. **X-Fire 1000 models :** The firebox is held on the outer casing using four studs and two normal nuts (upper fixings) and two wing nuts (lower fixings). Make sure that the upper nuts are unscrewed approximately one turn from the fully tightened position in order to create a 2mm gap as shown in figure 4. The firebox may now be hung onto the top studs, and then pushed onto the lower studs so that the lower studs protrude through the lower fixing holes in the back panel of the firebox. **X-Fire widescreen models :** The firebox is held on the wall mounting plate using three hooks (upper fixings) and two wing nuts (lower fixings).Hang the firebox off the three upper hooks and tighten the lower fixing wing nuts on to the lower fixing studs fully. **X-Fire 1000 models :** Re-fit the grille, the indicator bracket and the control



knob and spindle, and secure in position using the correct fixing screws (re-fitting is the opposite of removal as detailed in section 7.0 of these instructions).

7.2 CHECKING THE BURNER

There are no imitation fuel bed components to install. The appliance features a ribbon burner which is designed to produce a continuously variable band of flame over it's length. The burner should be visually inspected to ensure it is free from any foreign matter. If it is necessary to clean or dust off the burner then the glass panel should be removed by removal of the retaining screws. Re-fit the glass door after cleaning or inspection, ensuring the correct orientation and a good seal.

8.0 TESTING AND COMMISSIONING

Turn on and test the gas supply up to the fire for any leaks, in accordance with the current edition of BS 6891 (natural gas installations) or the current edition of BS 5482 pt1 (propane installations).

8.1 **OPERATING THE APPLIANCE**

The control knob is located on the lower right hand side of the outer case. It is marked as shown in figure 5.

The pilot is visible behind the left hand side of the burner. Push the control knob in fully and turn anti-clockwise through both of the SPARK positions, keeping fully depressed, hold there for a few seconds. If the fire has not been used for some time, hold the knob in this position for longer, to allow any air in the pipes to be purged. Continue turning anti-clockwise through the spark clicks to the nine o'clock position, ensuring the pilot has lit. If not, return the knob clockwise, and repeat. When the pilot lights after one of the two sparks, keep the knob depressed in the nine o'clock position for approximately ten seconds. Now release the knob and the pilot should stay alight. If the pilot is extinguished during use, wait three minutes before repeating the ignition procedure. To achieve the HIGH setting, push the control knob in slightly and continue turning anti-clockwise to



the high position. The main burner should light after a few seconds. To decrease the setting to LOW, push the knob in slightly and turn the control knob clockwise to the low setting. To turn to the pilot only position from the HIGH or LOW positions, press the control knob in, and return to the nine o'clock position and release. To turn the fire OFF, keep the knob pressed in, return to the off position and release.

8.2 SPARK FAILURE

The gap between the spark electrode and the pilot should be 3 - 5mm to produce a good spark. There should be no need to adjust this. If under any circumstances the piezo electric spark fails, the pilot cannot be lit manually. In the event of a failure to spark, check the HT lead connections.

8.3 SETTING PRESSURE

The pressure test point is located on the inlet restrictor elbow in the centre of the burner as shown in figure 6.

Release the pressure test point screw, and attach a pressure gauge. Light the fire on the HIGH setting. To commission the appliance, the operating pressure must be in accordance with the figures stated in section 2.0 of these instructions. The fire is factory set to achieve the correct flow rates at the specified inlet pressure.

Any significant variation in the operating pressure could indicate a supply problem. If the inlet pressure is too high, the gas supply

meter/governor may be set incorrectly. This should be checked with the fire running and if necessary reset by the gas supplier. If the operating pressure is too low, then check the meter/governor pressure with the appliance running. If this is less than the inlet pressure stated in section 2.0 of these instructions it will need to be reset by the gas supplier. If the inlet pressure is too low, but the meter/governor pressure is acceptable, then a problem in the supply pipework is to be suspected. Upon satisfactory checking of the inlet



pressure gauge and refit the test point screw. Light the fire and check for gas soundness. In the event that the inlet pressure is not in accordance with the figures stated in the data section of these instructions, the appliance must not be commissioned, and the problem investigated and rectified.

8.4

FINAL FITTING **OF THE FRAME** ASSEMBLY

Due to the weight of the frame assembly, it is recommended to seek assistance for this operation.

The frame assembly will be supported by keyhole slots by four M6 screws which protrude from the front of the outer casing. Ensure each screw is unscrewed approximately one turn from the fully screwed in position in order to create a 2mm gap (figure 8). Simply hang the facia panel onto the outer casing, starting with the two bottom fixings, ensuring that the corresponding keyhole shaped holes engage the screwheads fully.

9.0 BRIEFING THE CUSTOMER

All instructions must be handed to the user for safekeeping. Show the customer how to light and control the fire.

After commissioning the appliance, the customer should be instructed on the safe use of the appliance and the need for regular servicing. Frequency of service depends on usage, but MUST be carried out at least once annually.

Advise that cleaning of the fire may be achieved when the fire is cold using a clean microfibre cloth on most surfaces. See cleaning instructions. Advise that the fire will emit a "newness" smell for a time after initial commissioning and that extra ventilation may be needed during this time.

Recommend that a guard be used for the protection of the young, pets, the elderly and the infirm

10.0 SERVICING

Isolate the fire from the gas supply. Ensure that the fire is fully cold before attempting service. A suggested procedure for servicing is detailed below.

- 1. Lay out the dustsheet and tools.
- 2. Remove the facia section. Removal is the reverse of fitting as detailed in section 8.4.
- 3. Remove the glass door assembly and clean carefully.
- 4. Inspect the burner and the catalysts and clean if necessary with a soft brush.
- 5. Disconnect the gas supply.
- 6. Undo the four screws retaining the burner support brackets to the base and rear of the firebox.
- 7. Remove the burner unit, strip off the burner pipes and clean thoroughly.

8. Clean the in-line restrictor, pilot assembly and the burner tube. Do not attempt to remove the pilot injector as this can cause damage.

- 9. Re-assemble components.
- 10. Turn on the gas supply and check tightness. Check pilot and burner for good ignition.
- 11. Refit the glass door assembly, ensuring a good seal.
- 12. Refit the facia as detailed in section 8.4.
- 13. Check the purpose provided ventilation is un-obstructed.
- 14. Light the fire and test setting pressures.
- 15. Check safe operation of the appliance.

For specific servicing instructions, see relevant sections.



Figure 8

10.1 SERVICING THE BURNER TRAY AND GAS ASSEMBLY

Firstly, remove the front facia (removal is the reverse of fitting as detailed in section 8.4), the glass panel, and disconnect the gas connection inside the appliance. The gas connections to the gas valve can now be released. Undo the four screws retaining the burner support brackets to the base and rear of the firebox. The burner may now be removed.

Remove the pilot and main burner pipes and blow through to dislodge any debris. Now remove the injector elbow (where fitted) and blow through to make sure it is entirely clear.

Unclip the pilot lint gauze and clean with a soft brush. Clean the exterior of the pilot assembly with a soft brush and blow through the flame ports on the pilot head. Check the aeration holes are free from lint or dirt. The pilot assembly can be removed if required by disconnecting the electrode HT lead, gas pipe and unscrewing the mounting screws and lifting away.

The pilot assembly is a non-serviceable item and should not be taken apart. Aeration holes must be absolutely clear internally for proper operation. **NEVER MODIFY OR BEND THE THERMOCOUPLE TO MAKE THE PILOT STAY ALIGHT**. Modifications are dangerous and can have serious unseen effects on safety. If the pilot will not stay lit there is a problem with dirt, the gas supply to it, or the thermo-couple needs replacement.

The gas valve is a non-serviceable item. If this needs replacement, remove the M4 securing screw holding the valve bracket in place, remove all pipe unions, and the complete valve. Replacement must be original manufacturers parts.

Re-assemble in the reverse of removal. Ensure operating pressures are as stated in Section 2; Appliance Data.

10.2 PILOT ASSEMBLY

Remove the casing, internal firebox (as per servicing section), lint arrestor (if fitted) and pilot unit by using a long screwdriver to remove the retaining screws.

Clean the pilot assembly with a soft brush and blow through. Check the aeration holes are free of any dirt or lint. Clean thoroughly internally, the connection can be removed from the base of the pilot unit using two spanners to make cleaning easier. Do not damage or try to dismantle the pilot injector.

The unit is factory set and the only check necessary is to ensure the spark gap is correct. See specifications for gas setting.

NEVER MODIFY OR BEND THE THERMOCOUPLE TO MAKE THE PILOT STAY ALIGHT. If the pilot will not stay lit there is a problem with dirt, the gas supply, or the thermocouple needs replacement. Modifications are dangerous and can have a serious unseen effect on safety and therefore MUST not be done. Replacements must be original manufacturers parts. Re-assemble in the reverse of removal. Ensure setting pressures are as stated in Section 2; Appliance Data.

10.3 CATALYSTS

It is recommended that the catalysts are inspected for signs of damage and dirt during routine servicing procedures. The expected life of the catalysts is in excess of 11,000 hours (10 years of normal use). After this time the catalyst should be replaced.

If there are any deposits of dirt or soot on the catalysts they should be cleaned with a soft brush and a vacuum cleaner. If removed for cleaning ensure the seals are in good condition before replacing the catalyst. New seals will usually be required.

The performance of the catalyst may be checked using a combustion gas analyser as follows. Any analyser used should conform to BS7927 : 1998 + A1 : 1999. A suitable analyser is a Telegan Sprint 2000 XT Combustion Flue Gas Analyser.

Important: The temperature of the gases emitted from the catalytic converters is in excess of 350°C. Measuring gas of this temperature may damage some types of gas analysers. If in doubt consult the equipment manufacturer.

Ignite the fire as per the operating instructions, and run at maximum setting for 15 minutes. Position gas sample probe directly over the catalyst via the outlet grille, on top of the appliance. Record the carbon dioxide (CO2) concentration and then the carbon monoxide (CO) concentration as displayed by the analyser - also noting the units in which the values are expressed.

Most analysers display carbon dioxide (CO2) concentrations in percentage (%) terms and carbon monoxide concentration in parts per million (ppm) terms.

10.3 | CATALYSTS (continued)

In order to calculate the combustion ratio for the appliance (CO/CO2) it is first necessary to express both gas concentrations in terms of percentage. To convert from parts per million (ppm) to a percentage (%) divide the ppm figure by 10,000. Examples : 35ppm = 0.0035%, 15ppm = 0.0015%, 5ppm = 0.0005%.

Now divide the concentration of carbon monoxide (CO) expressed in percent by the concentration of carbon dioxide (CO2) to obtain the appliance combustion ratio.

<u>CO (%)</u> CO2 (%) = ratio

The combustion ratio of the gasses emitted by the catalytic convertor should not exceed 0.0015.

If replacing, firstly, remove the decorative facia (removal is the reverse of fitting as detailed in section 8.4). The catalysts are located on the top of the internal firebox and can be removed by unscrewing the retaining nuts securing the clamping plate. Remove the catalyst and its seal and discard.

Refit a new catalyst and seals in reverse order, ensure the catalyst and door have good seals.

10.4 TESTING FOR FIREBOX LEAKAGE

Appliances that are several years old or have been extensively dismantled should be checked for soundness. It is important that all the products of combustion pass through the catalytic converters at the top of the firebox before leaving the appliance.

The firebox is heated by lighting for a few minutes to provide a flow through the firebox. The burner is then shut off and a smoke pellet or match introduced at the base of the fire underneath the burner tray. Large quantities of smoke will emerge from the top of the appliance, but none should emerge from the joints or gasket faces, especially around the door. It is important to note that the appliance can never be expected to be 100% smoke tight and small quantities of smoke may be seen in corners of joints and gasket faces etc without affecting safety when the fire is in operation.

11.0 | TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Fire sparks but pilot does not light	No gas to fire, check isolators are open. Pipe work blockage, clean out. Air not fully purged, re purge supply or wait longer. Spark earthing to metal work, reset gap correctly. Blocked pilot, clean out internally.
Pilot lights but then goes out	Severe restriction in gas supply: clear obstruction. Faulty thermocouple, replace pilot unit. Blocked pilot, clean out. Blocked lint gauze, clean. Hold control knob in for longer. Check control knob does not foul the control indicator plate. If the pilot will not stay lit there is a problem with dirt, the gas supply, or the thermocouple needs replacement. Modifications are dangerous and can have a serious unseen effect on safety. NEVER MODIFY OR BEND THE THERMOCOU- PLE TO MAKE THE PILOT STAY ALIGHT.
Fire does not spark at pilot	HT lead detached, refit. Check the spark gap (see section 8.2). Faulty piezo unit, replace. Debris shorting out electrode, clean. Spark shorting to metalwork under tray, realign HT lead.
Fire runs for a time and then cuts off	Loose or faulty thermocouple, rectify. Blocked pilot, clean out. Dirt or lint in pilot aeration hole or on the lint gauze, clean thoroughly. If the pilot will not stay lit there is a problem with dirt, the gas supply, or the thermocouple needs replacement. Modifications are dangerous and can have a serious unseen effect on safety. NEVER MODIFY OR BEND THE THERMOCOU PLE TO MAKE THE PILOT STAY ALIGHT.
Pilot flame shrinks when fire is on high	Poor gas flow to fire, check pressure with fire on high. If pressure is low, remove any restriction in pipework or valve Check all isolators are adequately sized and fully open. Check meter pressure is adequate. If the pilot will not stay lit there is a problem with dirt, the gas supply, or the thermocouple needs replacement. Modifications are dangerous and can have a serious unseen effect on safety. NEVER MODIFY OR BEND THE THERMOCOU PLE TO MAKE THE PILOT STAY ALIGHT.
Fire smells when first lit or in use	Newness smell from brand new appliance. Leakage occurring. Carry out leakage test and rectify any problems. Combustible materials used in incorrect positions.

USER INSTRUCTIONS

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Content

1.0 IMPORTANT NOTES

The installation and Servicing of this fire MUST only be carried out by a competent person (such as a GAS SAFE registered fitter) in accordance with the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998, the relevant British Standards, Codes of Practice, the Building Regulations and the manufacturer's instructions.

Failure to comply with the above recommendations could lead to prosecution and invalidate the appliance warranty.

Always keep a note of the installer's name and address, GAS SAFE registration number, the original purchase receipt and the date of installation for future reference. Failure to produce these documents may invalidate the warranty.

The appliance should be serviced regularly to ensure continued safe operation. See the servicing section for further reference.

Parts of this appliance become naturally hot during use. It is recommended that a suitable fireguard conforming to BS 8423 is used, especially where young children, pets, the elderly or infirm are concerned.

The manufacturer of this appliance considers all surfaces as working surfaces with the exception of the control knob.

Combustible items, such as flooring and furniture and soft wall coverings (such as blown vinyl or embossed paper), low temperature surrounds etc may discolour if fitted too close to the fire. See relevant section for further details on clearances to combustibles. No combustible materials or flooring should protrude onto the hearth (if fitted). This appliance incorporates a combustion monitoring system (ODS).

DO NOT burn any foreign material on this fire. Under no circumstances shall the appliance be used if the glass front door or panel has been removed or damaged.

It should be noted that heaters create warm air currents. These currents move heat to wall surfaces next to the heater. Installing the heater next to vinyl or cloth wall coverings or operating the heater where impurities in the air (such as tobacco smoke, candle smoke

etc.) exist, may cause the walls to become discoloured.

On no account should the appliance inlet or outlet openings be blocked or obstructed in any way (see figure 1).

This appliance is intended as a secondary source of heat only and should not be used in a room without some form of background heating present. If the appliance is used in a room as the sole source of heat, then condensation may occur on colder surfaces within the room.Do not place any objects on top of the appliance.

The integral catalyst should be checked by the installer upon servicing to ensure there are no defects or obstructions that may prevent the satisfactory flow of combustion products.

The expected life of the catalyst is in excess of 11,000 hours (10 years of normal use). After this time the catalyst should be replaced.



Page No

This appliance is only suitable for the gas type for which it is supplied. WARNING: Due to the nature of this product the area around the top of the appliance (i.e. the grille) gets very hot. Care should be taken when operating the appliance.

2.0 CLEARANCES TO COMBUSTIBLES

Clearances to combustible materials

Combustible materials are defined as wood, fabrics, or other materials likely to combust if exposed to flame. Generally, any material, which is likely to discolour, melt or misshape when exposed to moderate heat, should be considered as a combustible material or surface.

Clearance to the sides of the appliance are 100mm (4in) but curtains, drapes and other fabrics are not permitted within a distance of 500mm (20in) of the appliance sides. No such materials are permitted directly above the appliance regardless of distance.

The minimum clearance to the ceiling above the appliance is 800mm (31.5in) measured from the top of the appliance glass panel.

Combustible materials should not be positioned directly in front of the appliance within a distance of one metre.

Under no circumstances should any electrical equipment e.g. plasma screen TV sets etc. be positioned on the wall above the appliance. The appliance is designed to be wall mounted alone and not in conjunction with any type of combustible fire surround. No combustible shelves should be positioned on the wall above the appliance. It should be established that any mirrors or picture frames etc. to be positioned on the wall above the appliance are able to withstand prolonged moderate heat before proceeding with their installation.

The back of the appliance may be installed directly onto a combustible wall, providing it is relatively flat and does not interfere with the various vent holes in the back panel of the appliance. The wall must be structurally sound and constructed from a material capable of withstanding moderate heat. Finished plaster, conventional wall paper and dry-lined plasterboard are examples of suitable materials. Materials such as flock, blown vinyl and embossed paper which are sensitive to even small amounts of heat should be avoided as scorching and or discolouration may occur over time.

The appliance may be positioned as close to a solid floor (i.e. stone, wooden laminate etc.) as the particular design of fireframe permits, however it is not permitted to install the appliance within 100mm of carpet, rugs or fabric materials of any kind. This dimension is measured vertically to the bottom of the appliance frame.

Clearances to non-combustibles

Non combustible surfaces are defined as brick, metal, marble, concrete etc. and also a number of manmade materials impervious to flame. If in doubt refer to the material manufacturer for further information before proceeding with installation.

Clearances to the sides of the appliance are 50mm (2in). Clearance to the front of the appliance is 500mm (20in).

The back of the appliance may be installed directly onto a non-combustible wall, providing it is relatively flat and does not interfere with the various vent holes in the back panel of the appliance.

The appliance may be installed with or without a non combustible hearth. If a hearth is fitted, the size and design may be as desired.

A non combustible shelf of any depth may be positioned above the appliance provided it is no closer than 400mm from the top of the appliance glass panel.

3.0 VENTILATION AND ROOM SIZE

Purpose provided ventilation of 100cm^2 is required for this appliance. An openable window or equivalent is also required.

Any ventilation fitted must comply with BS 5871 part 4 and BS 5440 part 2. Ventilation fitted under, or within immediate vicinity of the appliance must not be used as it may adversely effect performance of the combustion monitoring system (ODS) system.

The requirements of other appliances operating in the space or room must be taken into consideration when assessing ventilation requirements, this will have been carried out by your GAS SAFE registered installer.

3.0 | VENTILATION AND ROOM SIZE (continued)

A supply of fresh air into the room is advisable to maintain temperatures within limits.

The appliance MUST NOT be installed in a bathroom. Please refer to section 4.0 of the installation manual for installation requirements for bedrooms. For Republic of Ireland, see relevant rules in force.

X-Fire 1000 models : The room size should be a minimum of $30m^3$ (e.g. $11'6'' \times 11'6'' \times 8'$) to allow adequate circulation of air and ensure the correct operation of the fire.

X-Fire Widescreen models : The room size should be a minimum of $40m^3$ (e.g. $13'4'' \times 13'4'' \times 8'$) to allow adequate circulation of air and ensure the correct operation of the fire.

This volume may include adjacent spaces but these spaces must not be separated by a door. To calculate a room size in cubic metres (m^3) divide the room volume in cubic feet (ft^3) by 35.3.

This appliance is intended as a secondary source of heat only and should not be used in a room without some form of background heating present.

4.0 **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

The control knob is located on the lower right hand side of the outer case. It is marked as shown in figure 2.

The pilot is visible behind the left hand side of the burner. Push the control knob in fully and turn anti-clockwise through both of the SPARK positions, keeping fully depressed, hold there for a few seconds. If the fire has not been used for some time, hold the knob in this position for longer, to allow any air in the pipes to be purged. Continue turning anti-clockwise through the spark clicks to the nine o'clock position, ensuring the pilot has lit. If not, return the knob clockwise, and repeat. When the pilot lights after one of the two sparks, keep the knob depressed in the nine o'clock position for approximately ten seconds. Now



release the knob and the pilot should stay alight. If the pilot is extinguished during use, wait three minutes before repeating the ignition procedure. To achieve the HIGH setting, push the control knob in slightly and continue turning anti-clockwise to the high position. The main burner should light after a few seconds. To decrease the setting to LOW, push the knob in slightly and turn the control knob clockwise to the low setting. To turn to the pilot only position from the HIGH or LOW positions, press the control knob in, and return to the nine o'clock position and release. To turn the fire OFF, keep the knob pressed in, return to the off position and release.

5.0 COMBUSTION MONITORING SYSTEM

This fire is fitted with a combustion monitoring safety device (ODS). If the appliance shuts down during use for no apparent reason then several reasons may be suspected. If a door or window has been opened creating a draught, then pilot disturbance could be the problem and removal of the draught should resolve this. The appliance can then be re-lit in accordance with the previous section.

If pilot disturbance is not the cause, then the ODS safety system may be in operation. Switch the appliance OFF, call in your installer to check the appliance and ventilation. Remedial work must be carried out as required. DO NOT allow the appliance to be used until the appliance and installation is passed as safe. If the pilot continues to be extinguished, you must call your installer to check the operation of the complete appliance.

6.0 | CLEANING

Before carrying out any of the following operations, ensure that the appliance is OFF and completely cold.

GLASS PANEL : This can be cleaned with a suitable glass cleaner, or propriety ceramic hob cleaner. Test on a small area first.

PAINTED AREAS : These can be dusted or cleaned using a dry cloth.

LIMESTONE SURFACES : Remember that limestone is porous and therefore susceptible to marking in use. The limestone frame may be cleaned with a small amount of warm soapy water. Any stubborn stains may be removed with a diluted liquid domestic bleach and water solution. Superficial scratches or stubborn surface stains can be smoothed out using a fine grade wet & dry sandpaper. Joints may be grouted using a matching tile grout. The limestone frame may be sealed with an appropriate stone sealer (consult the retailer). This will give some protection against staining such as red wine, tea or coffee, but may darken the stone slightly.

GRANITE SURFACES : In everyday use, a soft lint-free duster should be used to keep the granite clean. Other marks , such as finger-prints may be removed from the granite frame by using proprietary window-glass cleaner, or NET-TEX Hard Surface Cleaner.

MIRROR SURFACES : Handle the Mirror frame with great care as the mirrored material can be scratched. Use only a damp microfibre cloth to clean and another microfibre cloth to dry. DO NOT use dirty cloths or abrasive cleaners, as this may scratch the surface beyond repair.

7.0 SERVICING

The appliance should be checked on an annual basis to ensure it is working safely and that there is no excessive build up of soot. The frequency of service will depend on usage, but MUST be carried out at least once annually. Servicing must be carried out by a competent person, such as a GAS SAFE registered installer.

The Installation instructions carry full servicing details for the use of the installer.

8.0 LIST OF SPARE PARTS

PART NO.	ITEM	PART NO.	ITEM
F960003	1000 Glass Panel Assy	F730023	Pilot Assembly 1000NG
F550300	Wide Front Glass Assy	TRAY 111	1000 Burner Tray NG
F730072	Pilot Assembly Wide NG	TRAY 145	Wide Burner Tray NG
F730086	Gas Valve	TRAY 120	1000 Burner Tray LPG
F940136	Seal Kit for Catalyst	TRAY 146	Wide Burner Tray LPG
F780079	Catalyst	F730073	Pilot Assembly LPG
XF-WSL	Widescreen Limestone Frame	XF-1000L	1000 Limestone Frame
XF-WSG	Widescreen Granite Frame	XF-10000G	1000 Granite Frame
XF-WSM	Widescreen Mirror Frame	XF10000M	1000 Mirror Frame

